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Jeffrey C Hoo			EXAMINER		
Conley Rose & P O Box 398	-		HAQ, NAEEM U		
Austin, TX 78767-0398				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3625		
			DATE MAILED: 11/20/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
,	•	09/498,698	LEE, REID	~				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
`		Naeem Haq	3625					
Pariod fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication	on appears on the cover she	et with the correspondence addr	ess				
Period fo	• •	DEDLY IC CET TO EVOIDE	. AAANTU(C) FDAM					
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 (six (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TON. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, m ion. s, a reply within the statutory minimum or period will apply and will expire SIX (6) y statute, cause the application to become	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this com the ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.				
3tatus 1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n 14 August 2002						
1)⊠ 2a)⊠		This action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for	_	matters prosecution as to the	morite is				
	closed in accordance with the practice u			mento io				
· -	ion of Claims							
	Claim(s) <u>1-88</u> is/are pending in the appli							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wi	ithdrawn from consideration						
·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1-88</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
	Claim(s) israte objected to: Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement						
-	ion Papers	and/or election requirement						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)] accepted or b)☐ objected to	by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection	n to the drawing(s) be held in a	beyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) approved b)	disapproved by the Examiner					
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f	foreign priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
* (3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action for	nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tage				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) The translation of the foreign languate Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do	ge provisional application ha	as been received.	,				
Attachmen		· •						
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9- mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper I	48) 5) 🗌 Notic	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) se of Informal Patent Application (PTO- r:					

Art Unit: 3625

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This Office Action is in response to the applicant's amendment, paper number 3, filed on August 14, 2002. The applicant has added 44 new claims. Claims 1-88 will be considered for examination.

Final Rejection

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-88 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Henson (US 6,167,383) in view of Motomiya et al (US 6,083,267).

Referring to claims 1-88, Henson teaches a method and system for enabling a user to configure a customizable product in an e-commerce system, wherein the e-commerce system includes a client system coupled through a network to an electronic commerce server, the method and system comprising:

- a processor (Figure 11, item 52; column 6, lines 8-9);
- a memory operatively coupled to said processor (Figure 11, item 58; column 6, lines 12-14);
- an input for coupling to a network, wherein the input is operable to receive a request from a user of the client system to purchase a customizable product,

Art Unit: 3625

wherein the customizable product includes one or more customizable components (Figure 2, items 46 and 48; column 5, lines 66-67; column 6, lines 1-4; column 4, lines 36-52), wherein the customizable product comprises two or more electronic devices (Figure 3A and 4);

- receiving a request from a user of the client system to purchase the customizable product, wherein the customizable product includes one or more customizable components (column 4, lines 36-52), wherein the customizable product
 comprises two or more electronic devices (Figure 3A and 4);
- providing customizable component options of the customizable components to a client system for display after receiving said request (Figures 3A, 3B, 4, and 5; column 6, lines 18-43);
- receiving customizable component selections for at least one of the one or more
 customizable components of the customizable product in response to user input,
 wherein the customizable component selections applied to the customizable
 product specify a customized product (Figures 3A, 3B, 4, and 5; column 6, lines
 18-43).

Furthermore, Henson teaches that the customizable product is a computer system (column 4, lines 36-39), and that the customizable component selections include one or more of: display, peripheral devices, storage devices, memory size, communication type, memory type (Figure 3A, items 75-77; Figure 3B, item 70). Henson does not teach providing an image of the customized product to the client system for display, wherein the image of the customized product visually depicts the customizable

Art Unit: 3625

component selections of the user. However, Motomiya teaches displaying an image of the customized product to the client system wherein the image of the customized product visually depicts the customizable component selections of the user at their respective locations on the image of the customized product (column 5, lines 41-67; column 6, lines 1-35; Figure 6A, item 63). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to incorporate the teachings of Motomiya into the method and system of Henson. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to provide the customer of Henson's system and method of a visual display of the custom configured product. Henson also does not teach the steps comprising:

- receiving one or more new customizable component selections for at least one of
 the one or more customizable components of the customized product after said
 providing the image of the customized product to the client system, wherein the
 new customizable component selections applied to the customizable product
 specify a new customized product;
- providing an image of the new customized product, wherein the image of the new customized product visually depicts the new customizable component selections of the user.

However, Motomiya teaches these limitations (column 5, lines 28-67; column 6, lines 1-28). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to incorporate the teachings of Motomiya into the method and system of Henson. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so

Art Unit: 3625

in order to allow the customer of Henson's system and method to edit and revise his or her design of the customized product. Henson does not teach the limitations of claims 10-19, 26-34, 36-39, and 41. However, Motomiya teaches these limitations in a method and system for customizing a product as outlined below:

- providing an image of the customizable product to the client system for display,
 wherein images of at least a subset of the one or more customizable components
 are visually depicted proximate to their respective locations on the image of the
 customizable product (Figure 6A, items 62 and 63);
- receiving user input selecting an image of a first customizable component which
 is visually depicted proximate to its respective location on the image of the
 customizable product, wherein said receiving user input selecting the image of
 the first customizable component operates to select the first customizable
 component for configuration (column 5, lines 41-56);
- receiving user input selecting a first customizable component option for the first customizable component, wherein the user input selecting the first customizable component option comprises the customizable component selection for the first customizable component (column 5, lines 41-56);
- receiving user input indicating a position of a cursor of the client system
 proximate to the location of the image of the first customizable component
 visually depicted on the image of the customizable product (column 5, lines 4156);

Art Unit: 3625

 providing a menu comprising the customizable component options of the first customizable component for display on the client system after said receiving user input selecting the image of the first customizable component (Figure 6A, item 61);

- providing a sequence of images corresponding to the customizable component options of the first customizable component after said receiving user input selecting the image of the first customizable component (Figure 6A, items 61, 62, and 64; column 5, lines 28-37);
- providing customizable component option images corresponding to the
 customizable component options of the first customizable component; receiving
 user input selecting a first customizable component option image corresponding
 to the first customizable component option (Figure 6A, items 61 and 62; column
 5, lines 41-56);
- providing an image of the first customizable component option for display on the client system in response to said receiving user input selecting the first customizable component option for the first customizable component (column 5, lines 28-37);
- displaying the image of the customizable product in response to said providing
 the one or more customizable component options of the customizable
 components to the client system, wherein images of at least a subset of the one
 or more customizable components are visually depicted proximate to their
 respective locations on the image of the customizable product; wherein, for each

Art Unit: 3625

customizable component, the one or more customizable component options are displayed proximate to the image of the customizable component (column 5, lines 41-56).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to incorporate the teachings of Motomiya into the method and system of Henson. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to provide the customer with a more natural and easier to use design interface. Henson and Motomiya do not teach that the image of the customized product appears like the purchased product. However it would have been obvious to do so in order to show the customer all the particular details of his or her customized product. Henson and Motomiya do not teach that the customizable product is a measurement system or that the customizable component selections include one or more of: measurement card, cable, signal conditioning modules and transducer. However, Henson teaches that the customer can customize "one or more products that the customer is interested in" (column 4, lines 41-47). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the teachings of Henson and Motomiya in order to customize any product so desired. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to provide a customer with the ability to design any product the customer desired.

Art Unit: 3625

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed August 14, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Referring to claims 1, 25, 35, 40, 42, 43, and 44, the applicant has argued that the individual references lack a particular limitation. In particular, the applicant has argued that Henson does not teach or suggest displaying an image of the customized product, and that Motomiya does not teach or suggest customizing a product with two or more electronic devices (see amendment page 19, lines 1-29). Please note that it has been held that one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). In the present case, the examiner has relied on the combination of Henson and Motomiya to teach all of the claimed limitations.

Referring to claims 45-66, the applicant has argued that Henson and Motomiya do not teach the limitation "enabling a user to configure a measurement system in an ecommerce system" (see amendment page 21, lines 5-8). It is true that Henson and Motomiya do not explicitly teach this limitation. However, the test for obviousness is not based on what a reference explicitly teaches, but rather it is based on what would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention given the knowledge generally available. Please note that enabling a user to configure a measurement system is well known in the art. To support this point, the examiner relies on IEEE Spectrum "Test and Measurement". IEEE teaches that LabVIEW allows

Art Unit: 3625

a user to create a virtual-instrument on a computer system (page 56, second column, lines 15-51). Therefore, at the time of the applicant's invention, the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art included Henson, Motomiya, and IEEE Spectrum.

Referring to claims 67-88, the applicant has argued that Henson does not teach the limitation "enabling a user to configure a computer system in an e-commerce system." The examiner respectfully disagrees. Henson explicitly teaches this limitation (Figure 2, item 10; Figure 3A, items 70, 75, and 77; column 2, lines 61-67; column 3, lines 1-54).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. US Patent 6,061,057 to Knowlton et al discloses configuring a computer system over the Internet (column 17, lines 32-67; column 18, lines 1-67).

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600

Application/Control Number: 09/498,698

Art Unit: 3625

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Naeem Haq whose telephone number is (703)-305-3930. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wynn Coggins can be reached on (703)-308-1344. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)-305-7687 for regular communications and (703)-305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)-308-1113.

Naeem Haq, Patent Examiner

Art Unit 3625

November 12, 2002